

# **WPDES PERMIT**

# STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES permit to discharge under the wisconsin pollutant discharge elimination system

#### Saputo Cheese USA Inc, Greenway

is permitted, under the authority of Chapter 283, Wisconsin Statutes, to discharge from a facility located at 522 Greenway Ct, Reedsburg, WI 53958 in Sauk County to

#### An Unnamed Tributary located in the Narrows Creek – Baraboo River Watershed in the Lower Wisconsin River Basin.

in accordance with the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in this permit.

The permittee shall not discharge after the date of expiration. If the permittee wishes to continue to discharge after this expiration date an application shall be filed for reissuance of this permit, according to Chapter NR 200, Wis. Adm. Code, at least 180 days prior to the expiration date given below.

State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources For the Secretary

By

Thomas Bauman Wastewater Field Supervisor

Date Permit Signed/Issued

PERMIT TERM: EFFECTIVE DATE - April 01, 2024

EXPIRATION DATE – March 31, 2029

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#### **4 SUMMARY OF REPORTS DUE**

# **1 Surface Water Requirements**

# 1.1 Sampling Point(s)

The discharge(s) shall be limited to the waste type(s) designated for the listed sampling point(s).

	Sampling Point Designation				
Sampling	Sampling Point Location, WasteType/Sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)				
Point					
Number					
001	Representative samples of the polished RO permeate shall be collected prior to discharge to the				
	stormwater pond.				
002	Thermal monitoring shall be recorded at the overflow point of the stormwater pond when there is active				
	discharge from the plant resulting in overflow from the stormwater pond.				

## **1.2 Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations**

The permittee shall comply with the following monitoring requirements and limitations.

## 1.2.1 Sampling Point (Outfall) 001 - RO Polished Water

	Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations				
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and	Sample	Sample	Notes
		Units	Frequency	Туре	
Flow Rate		gpd	Daily	Total Daily	
BOD <sub>5</sub> , Total	Daily Max	20 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
		-		Prop Comp	
BOD <sub>5</sub> , Total	Monthly Avg	10 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
		_		Prop Comp	
BOD <sub>5</sub> , Total	Daily Max	7.2 lbs/day	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
	-			Prop Comp	
BOD <sub>5</sub> , Total	Monthly Avg	3.6 lbs/day	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
				Prop Comp	
Suspended Solids,	Daily Max	20 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
Total		_		Prop Comp	
Suspended Solids,	Monthly Avg	10 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
Total				Prop Comp	
Suspended Solids,	Daily Max	9.1 lbs/day	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
Total				Prop Comp	
Suspended Solids,	Monthly Avg	4.5 lbs/day	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
Total				Prop Comp	
pH Field	Daily Max	9.0 su	5/Week	Grab	
pH Field	Daily Min	6.0 su	5/Week	Grab	
Dissolved Oxygen	Daily Min	7.0 mg/L	5/Week	Grab	
Temperature Maximum		deg F	Daily	Continuous	For effluent limitations see Table 2. Limit effective per schedule.

Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations					
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Chlorine, Total Residual	Daily Max	19 µg/L	Daily	Grab	Monitoring upon reissuance. Limit effective per schedule.
Chlorine, Total Residual	Weekly Avg	7.3 μg/L	Daily	Grab	Monitoring upon reissuance. Limit effective per schedule.
Chlorine, Total Residual	Monthly Avg	7.3 μg/L	Daily	Grab	Monitoring upon reissuance. Limit effective per schedule.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Daily Max	13 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective April and May.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Daily Max	8.5 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective June through September.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Daily Max	17 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective October through March.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Weekly Avg	15 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective April and May.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Weekly Avg	10 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective June through September.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Weekly Avg	20 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective October through March.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Monthly Avg	5.9 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective April and May.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Monthly Avg	4.0 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective June through September.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> -N) Total	Monthly Avg	7.9 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Effluent limits are effective October through March.
Copper, Total Recoverable		μg/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Hardness, Total as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		mg/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Monitoring shall occur on the same day Copper monitoring occurs.
Chloride		mg/L	Monthly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Monitoring required in January through December 2025 only.
Oil & Grease (Hexane)	Daily Max	15 mg/L	Annual	Grab	
Oil & Grease (Hexane)	Monthly Avg	15 mg/L	Annual	Grab	

	Monitor	ring Requirem	ents and Effluer	t Limitations	
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Phosphorus, Total	Monthly Avg	0.54 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	This is an interim limit. The final effluent limits are 0.225 mg/L monthly average and 0.075 mg/L as a 6-month average which go into effect per the compliance schedule. See Phosphorus footnotes and compliance schedule in permit.
Phosphorus, Total		lbs/day	Monthly	Calculated	The final effluent limit is a 6-month average of 0.1 lb/day which goes into effect per the compliance schedule. See Phosphorus footnotes and compliance schedule in permit.
Phosphorus, Total		lbs/month	Monthly	Calculated	Calculate the Total Monthly Discharge of phosphorus and report on the last day of the month on the DMR. See TMDL section below.
Phosphorus, Total		lbs/yr	Monthly	Calculated	Calculate the 12-month rolling sum of total monthly mass of phosphorus discharged and report on the last day of the month on the DMR. See TMDL section below.
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		mg/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate Total		mg/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Nitrogen, Total		mg/L	Quarterly	Calculated	
Acute WET		TU <sub>a</sub>	See Listed Qtr(s)	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Chronic WET		TUc	See Listed Qtr(s)	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	

#### 1.2.1.1 Total Metals Analyses

Measurements of total metals and total recoverable metals shall be considered as equivalent.

#### 1.2.1.2 Total Residual Chlorine

See 3.3.6. Standard Requirements for sampling requirements.

#### 1.2.1.3 Effluent Temperature Monitoring

For manually measuring effluent temperature, grab samples should be collected at 6 evenly spaced intervals during the 24-hour period. Alternative sampling intervals may be approved if the permittee can show that the maximum effluent temperature is captured during the sampling interval. For monitoring temperature continuously, collect measurements in accordance with s. NR 218.04(13). This means that discrete measurements shall be recorded at intervals of not more than 15 minutes during the 24-hour period. In either case, report the maximum temperature measured during the day on the DMR. For seasonal discharges collect measurements either manually or continuously during the period of operation and report the daily maximum effluent temperature on the DMR.

#### **1.2.1.4 Effluent Temperature Limitations**

Determination of Need for Effluent Limits: The effluent limitations for "Temperature, Maximum" become effective on April 30, 2028 as specified in the Schedules section. Monitoring is required daily upon permit reissuance. Daily maximum temperatures shall be reported so that applicable daily maximum limits can be compared to the reported daily maximum temperatures and applicable weekly average limits can be compared to the weekly averages of the reported daily maximum temperatures. After completion of at least one year of temperature data collection the permittee may request that the Department make a determination of the need for limits under s. NR 106.56, Wis. Adm. Code. Within 60 days of such request the Department will make that determination. If the Department determines that effluent limitations are unnecessary based on the procedures in NR 106.56, the Department shall notify the permittee that the limitations are unnecessary pursuant to NR106.56. A permit modification will be required to remove the temperature limits and schedule from this permit. If, after reviewing the data, the Department determines that effluent limitations for "Temperature, Maximum" are necessary based on the procedures in NR 106.56, the requirement to meet the effluent limitations according to the Schedules section will not be removed nor will the monitoring frequency be reduced. Permittees may then wish to pursue a re-evaluation of the limits based on NR 106 - 'Subchapters V and VI Effluent Limitations for Temperature' or NR 102.26 - Site Specific Ambient Temperature. If the re-calculation of limits results in revisions to the temperature limits, a permit modification will be required to include the revised limits in the permit.

Month	Weekly	Daily
	Average	Maximum
	Effluent	Effluent
	Limitation	Limitation
	(°F)	(°F)
JAN	49	76
FEB	50	76
MAR	52	77
APR	55	-
MAY	65	-
OCT	61	80
NOV	49	77
DEC	49	76

#### Table 2: Effluent Limitations for 'Temperature Maximum'

## DEC 49 76

#### (Effective per the Schedules section):

#### 1.2.1.5 Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Limitations for Total Phosphorus

**Approved TMDL**: The Wisconsin River Basin TMDL for total phosphorus was approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on April 26, 2019. Additional Site-Specific Criteria (SSC) for Lakes Petenwell, Castle Rock, and Wisconsin and the related Waste Load Allocation (WLA) included in Appendix K of the TMDL report were adopted by rule in s. NR 102.06 (7), Wis. Adm. Code, on June 1, 2020, and approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on July 9, 2020. The permittee's approved SSC-based WLA for this permittee is 37 lbs/year and results in a calculated phosphorus mass limit of 0.10 lb/day as a six month average which goes into effect pursuant to Compliance Schedule 2.2. *The 6-month average limit is expressed as a seasonal average with averaging periods occurring from May through October and November through April. Compliance with the 6-month average limit is evaluated at the end of each 6-month period on April 30<sup>th</sup> and October 31<sup>st</sup> annually. The 12-month rolling sum of total monthly phosphorus (lbs/yr) shall be reported each month for direct comparison to the facility's WLA.* 

The phosphorus limit of 0.54 mg/L is an interim limit set in accordance with s. NR. 217.17, Wis. Adm. Code. The interim limit will remain in effect unless a more stringent limit is required at a future permit issuance by ss. NR 217.13 and NR 217.16(2), Wis. Adm. Code, or the limit is relaxed following procedures outlined in ch. NR 207, Wis. Adm. Code. Sampling and reporting of phosphorus concentrations and masses discharged shall begin upon the permit effective date.

Effluent results shall be calculated as follows:

**Total Monthly Discharge (lbs/month):** = monthly average concentration  $(mg/L) \times total flow for the month (MG/month) \times 8.34.$ 

**12-Month Rolling Sum of Total Monthly Discharge (lbs/yr):** =the sum of the most recent 12 consecutive months of Total Monthly Discharges.

#### 1.2.1.6 Phosphorus Water Quality-Based Effluent Limitation(s)

The final water quality based effluent limit (WQBEL) for phosphorus is 0.225 mg/L as a monthly average and 0.075 as a six month average and will take effect on the date specified in the Compliance Schedule <u>unless</u>:

(A) As part of the application for the next reissuance, or prior to filing the application, the permittee submits either: 1.) A watershed adaptive management plan and a completed Watershed Adaptive Management Request Form 3200-139; or 2.) An application for water quality trading; or 3.) An application for a variance; or 4.) New information or additional data that supports a recalculation of the numeric limitation; and

(B) The Department modifies, revokes and reissues, or reissues the permit to incorporate a revised limitation before the effective date of the phosphorus WQBEL.

If Adaptive Management or Water Quality Trading is approved as part of the permit application for the next reissuance or as part of an application for a modification or revocation and reissuance, the plan and specifications submittal, construction, and final effective dates for compliance with the total phosphorus WQBEL may change in the reissued or modified permit. In addition, the numeric value of the WQBEL may change based on new information (e.g. a TMDL) or additional data. If a variance is approved for the next reissuance, interim limits and conditions will be imposed in the reissued permit in accordance with ss. 283.15 or 283.16, Stats., and applicable regulations. A permittee may apply for a variance to the phosphorus WQBEL at the next reissuance even if the permittee did not apply for a phosphorus variance as part of this permit reissuance.

Any increase in the limit is subject to s. NR 102.05(1) and ch. NR 207, Wis. Adm. Code. When a six-month average effluent limit is specified for Total Phosphorus the applicable averaging periods are May through October and November through April.

#### 1.2.1.7 Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance

Rather than upgrading its wastewater treatment facility to comply with WQBELs for total phosphorus, the permittee may use Water Quality Trading or the Watershed Adaptive Management Option, to achieve compliance under ch. NR 217, Wis. Adm. Code, provided that the permit is modified, revoked and reissued, or reissued to incorporate any such alternative approach. The permittee may also implement an upgrade to its wastewater treatment facility in combination with Water Quality Trading or the Watershed Adaptive Management Option to achieve compliance, provided that the permit is modified, revoked and reissued, or reissued to incorporate any such alternative approach. If the Final Compliance Alternatives Plan concludes that a variance will be pursued, the Plan shall provide information regarding the basis for the variance.

# **1.2.1.8 Submittal of Permit Application for Next Reissuance and Adaptive Management or Pollutant Trading Plan or Variance Application**

The permittee shall submit the permit application for the next reissuance at least 6 months prior to expiration of this permit. If the permittee intends to pursue adaptive management to achieve compliance with the phosphorus water quality based effluent limitation, the permittee shall submit with the application for the next reissuance: a completed Watershed Adaptive Management Request Form 3200-139, the completed Adaptive Management Plan and final plans for any system upgrades necessary to meet interim limits pursuant to s. NR 217.18, Wis. Adm. Code. If the permittee intends to pursue pollutant trading to achieve compliance, the permittee shall submit an application for water quality trading with the application for the next reissuance. If system upgrades will be used in combination with pollutant trading to achieve compliance with the final water quality-based limit, the reissued permit will specify a schedule for the necessary upgrades. If the permittee intends to seek a variance, the permittee shall submit an application for a variance with the application for the next reissuance.

#### 1.2.1.9 Nitrogen Series Monitoring

Monitoring for Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN), Nitrite + Nitrate Nitrogen, and Total Nitrogen shall be conducted <u>quarterly</u> in order to collect seasonal information about the discharge.

Nitrogen Series monitoring shall continue after the permit expiration date (until the permit is reissued) in accordance with the monitoring requirements specified in the last full calendar year of this permit.

**Testing:** Monitoring shall be performed during normal operating conditions. Permittees are not allowed to turn off or otherwise modify treatment systems, production processes, or change other operating or treatment conditions during testing.

#### 1.2.1.10 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing

Primary Control Water: Laboratory Water

#### Instream Waste Concentration (IWC): 100%

Dilution series: At least five effluent concentrations and dual controls must be included in each test.

- Acute: 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25% and any additional selected by the permittee.
- Chronic: 100, 75, 50, 25, 12.5% and any additional selected by the permittee.

#### WET Testing Frequency:

Acute tests are required twice during the permit term during the following quarters:

• July 1 – September 30, 2025; April 1 – June 30, 2027

Acute WET testing shall continue after the permit expiration date (until the permit is reissued) in accordance with the WET requirements specified for the last full calendar year of this permit. For example, the next test would be required in April 1 – June 30, 2029

Chronic tests are required annually during the permit term during the following quarters:

• April 1 – June 30, 2024; July 1 – September 30, 2025; October 1 – December 31, 2026;

January 1 – March 31, 2027; April 1 – June 30, 2028

Chronic WET testing shall continue after the permit expiration date (until the permit is reissued) in accordance with the WET requirements specified for the last full calendar year of this permit. For example, the next test would be required in April 1 - June 30, 2029.

**Testing:** WET testing shall be performed during normal operating conditions. Permittees are not allowed to turn off or otherwise modify treatment systems, production processes, or change other operating or treatment conditions during WET tests.

**Reporting:** The permittee shall report test results on the Discharge Monitoring Report form, and also complete the "Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Report Form" (Section 6, "*State of Wisconsin Aquatic Life Toxicity Testing Methods Manual, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition*"), for each test. The original, complete, signed version of the Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Report Form shall be sent to the Biomonitoring Coordinator, Bureau of Water Quality, 101 S. Webster St., P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921, within 45 days of test completion. The Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) form shall be submitted electronically by the required deadline.

**Determination of Positive Results:** An acute toxicity test shall be considered positive if the Toxic Unit - Acute (TU<sub>a</sub>) is greater than 1.0 for either species. The TU<sub>a</sub> shall be calculated as follows:  $TU_a = 100 \div LC_{50}$ . A chronic toxicity test shall be considered positive if the Toxic Unit - Chronic (TU<sub>c</sub>) is greater than 1.0 for either species. The TU<sub>c</sub> shall be calculated as follows:  $TU_c = 100 \div LC_{50}$ . A chronic toxicity test shall be calculated as follows:  $TU_c = 100 \div LC_{50}$ .

**Additional Testing Requirements:** Within 90 days of a test which showed positive results, the permittee shall submit the results of at least 2 retests to the Biomonitoring Coordinator on "Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Report Forms". The 90-day reporting period shall begin the day after the test which showed a positive result. The retests shall be completed using the same species and test methods specified for the original test (see the Standard Requirements section herein).

Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations					
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Temperature Maximum		deg F	Daily	Continuous	

#### 1.2.2 Sampling Point (Outfall) 002 - Stormwater Pond Outlet

#### 1.2.2.1 Effluent Temperature Monitoring

For manually measuring effluent temperature, grab samples should be collected at 6 evenly spaced intervals during the 24-hour period. Alternative sampling intervals may be approved if the permittee can show that the maximum effluent temperature is captured during the sampling interval. For monitoring temperature continuously, collect measurements in accordance with s. NR 218.04(13). This means that discrete measurements shall be recorded at intervals of not more than 15 minutes during the 24-hour period. In either case, report the maximum temperature measured during the day on the DMR. For intermittent discharges collect measurements either manually or continuously during the period of operation with stormwater pond overflow and report the daily maximum effluent temperature on the DMR.

# 2 Schedules

# 2.1 Temperature Limits (Industrial Facilities)

This compliance schedule requires the permittee to achieve compliance by the specified date

Required Action	Due Date
<b>Report on Effluent Discharges:</b> Submit a report on effluent temperature with conclusions regarding compliance. If the Department determines that because of data variability, 24 months of monitoring data is required to determine the need for temperature limits, the Department will so notify the permittee in writing and all dates in the permit schedule will be extended by 12 months. Informational Note - Refer to the Surface Water subsection regarding 'Determination of Need for Effluent Limits' for information concerning a Department determination on the need for limits and pursuing re-evaluation of limits per NR 106 Subchapters V & VI or NR 102.26, Wis. Adm. Code.	04/30/2025
Action Plan: Submit an action plan for complying with all effluent temperature limits that remain following the Department's review for necessity. The Department's review will also establish if the enthalpy load from the industry causes or has the potential to cause an exceedance of the water quality criteria for temperature at the receiving water of the stormwater pond. If the discharge is the contributing factor to the excursion, then thermal limitations will be given to the overflow point.	04/30/2026
<b>Construction Plans:</b> Submit construction plans (if construction is required for complying with effluent temperature limits) and include plans and specifications with the submittal.	10/31/2026
Initiate Actions: Initiate actions identified in the plan.	04/30/2027
<b>Complete Actions:</b> Complete actions necessary to achieve compliance with effluent temperature limits.	04/30/2028

# 2.2 Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus

The permittee shall comply with the WQBELs for Phosphorus as specified. No later than 14 days following each compliance date, the permittee shall notify the Department in writing of its compliance or noncompliance. If a submittal is required, a timely submittal fulfills the notification requirement.

Required Action	Due Date
<b>Operational Evaluation Report:</b> The permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department for approval an operational evaluation report. The report shall include an evaluation of collected effluent data, possible source reduction measures, operational improvements or other minor facility modifications that will optimize reductions in phosphorus discharges from the treatment plant during the period prior to complying with final phosphorus WQBELs and, where possible, enable compliance with final phosphorus WQBELs by March 31, 2027. The report shall provide a plan and schedule for implementation of the measures, improvements, and modifications will enable compliance with final phosphorus WQBELs. Regardless of whether they are expected to result in compliance, the permittee shall implement the measures, improvements, and modifications in accordance with the plan and schedule specified in the operational evaluation report.	03/31/2025
If the operational evaluation report concludes that the facility can achieve final phosphorus WQBELs using the existing treatment system with only source reduction measures, operational improvements, and minor facility modifications, the permittee shall comply with the final phosphorus WQBEL by March 31, 2027 and is not required to comply with the milestones identified below for years 3 through 9 of this compliance schedule ('Preliminary Compliance Alternatives Plan', 'Final	

Compliance Alternatives Plan', 'Final Plans and Specifications', 'Treatment Plant Upgrade to Meet WQBELs', 'Complete Construction', 'Achieve Compliance').	
STUDY OF FEASIBLE ALTERNATIVES - If the Operational Evaluation Report concludes that the permittee cannot achieve final phosphorus WQBELs with source reduction measures, operational improvements and other minor facility modifications, the permittee shall initiate a study of feasible alternatives for meeting final phosphorus WQBELs and comply with the remaining required actions of this schedule of compliance. If the Department disagrees with the conclusion of the report, and determines that the permittee can achieve final phosphorus WQBELs using the existing treatment system with only source reduction measures, operational improvements, and minor facility modifications, the Department may reopen and modify the permit to include an implementation schedule for achieving the final phosphorus WQBELs sooner than March 31, 2032.	
<b>Compliance Alternatives, Source Reduction, Improvements and Modifications Status:</b> The permittee shall submit a 'Compliance Alternatives, Source Reduction, Operational Improvements and Minor Facility Modification' status report to the Department. The report shall provide an update on the permittee's: (1) progress implementing source reduction measures, operational improvements, and minor facility modifications to optimize reductions in phosphorus discharges and, to the extent that such measures, improvements, and modifications will not enable compliance with the WQBELs, (2) status evaluating feasible alternatives for meeting phosphorus WQBELs.	03/31/2026
<b>Preliminary Compliance Alternatives Plan:</b> The permittee shall submit a preliminary compliance alternatives plan to the Department.	03/31/2027
If the plan concludes upgrading of the permittee's wastewater treatment facility is necessary to achieve final phosphorus WQBELs, the submittal shall include a preliminary engineering design report.	
If the plan concludes Adaptive Management will be used, the submittal shall include a completed Watershed Adaptive Management Request Form 3200-139 without the Adaptive Management Plan.	
If water quality trading will be undertaken, the plan must state that trading will be pursued.	
<b>Final Compliance Alternatives Plan:</b> The permittee shall submit a final compliance alternatives plan to the Department.	03/31/2028
If the plan concludes upgrading of the permittee's wastewater treatment is necessary to meet final phosphorus WQBELs, the submittal shall include a final engineering design report addressing the treatment plant upgrades, and a facility plan if required pursuant to ch. NR 110, Wis. Adm. Code.	
If the plan concludes Adaptive Management will be implemented, the submittal shall include a completed Watershed Adaptive Management Request Form 3200-139 and an engineering report addressing any treatment system upgrades necessary to meet interim limits pursuant to s. NR 217.18, Wis. Adm. Code.	
If the plan concludes water quality trading will be used, the submittal shall identify potential trading partners.	
Note: See 'Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance' in the Surface Water section of this permit.	
<b>Progress Report on Plans &amp; Specifications:</b> Submit progress report regarding the progress of preparing final plans and specifications. Note: See 'Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance' in the Surface Water section of this permit.	03/31/2029
<b>Final Plans and Specifications:</b> Unless the permit has been modified, revoked and reissued, or reissued to include Adaptive Management or Water Quality Trading measures or to include a revised	03/31/2030

schedule based on factors in s. NR 217.17, Wis. Adm. Code, the permittee shall submit final construction plans to the Department for approval pursuant to s. 281.41, Stats., specifying treatment plant upgrades that must be constructed to achieve compliance with final phosphorus WQBELs, and a schedule for completing construction of the upgrades by the complete construction date specified below. (Note: Permit modification, revocation and reissuance, and reissuance are subject to s. 283.53(2), Stats.)	
Note: See 'Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance' in the Surface Water section of this permit.	
<b>Treatment Plant Upgrade to Meet WQBELs:</b> The permittee shall initiate construction of the upgrades. The permittee shall obtain approval of the final construction plans and schedule from the Department pursuant to s. 281.41. Stats. Upon approval of the final construction plans and schedule by the Department pursuant to s. 281.41, Stats., the permittee shall construct the treatment plant upgrades in accordance with the approved plans and specifications. Note: See 'Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance' in the Surface Water section of this permit.	06/30/2030
<b>Construction Upgrade Progress Report #1:</b> The permittee shall submit a progress report on construction upgrades. Note: See 'Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance' in the Surface Water section of this permit.	06/30/2031
<b>Complete Construction:</b> The permittee shall complete construction of wastewater treatment system upgrades. Note: See 'Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance' in the Surface Water section of this permit.	12/31/2032
Achieve Compliance: The permittee shall achieve compliance with final phosphorus WQBELs. Effective limits are 0.075 mg/L as a six month average and 0.225 mg/L as a monthly average. Note: See 'Alternative Approaches to Phosphorus WQBEL Compliance' in the Surface Water section of this permit.	03/31/2032

# 2.3 Chlorine Limits Compliance

This compliance schedule requires the permittee to achieve compliance by the specified date.

Required Action	Due Date
<b>Report on Effluent Discharges:</b> Submit a report on effluent chlorine with conclusions regarding compliance.	10/01/2024
Action Plan: Submit an action plan within 12 months of the effective date of permit coverage for complying with applicable chlorine limits.	04/01/2025
Plans and Specifications: Submit plans and specifications for treatment plant modifications.	10/01/2025
<b>Initiate Actions:</b> Initiate actions identified in the plan within 24 months of the effective date of permit coverage.	04/01/2026
<b>Complete Actions:</b> Complete actions necessary to achieve compliance with effluent chlorine limits.	04/01/2027

## 2.4 Dissolved Oxygen Limits Compliance

This compliance schedule requires the permittee to achieve compliance by the specified date.

Required Action	Due Date
Report on Effluent Discharges: Submit a report on effluent dissoved oxygen with conclusions	10/01/2024

regarding compliance.	
Action Plan: Submit an action plan within 12 months of the effective date of permit coverage for complying with applicable dissolved oxygen limits.	04/01/2025
Plans and Specifications: Submit plans and specifications for treatment plant modifications.	10/01/2025
<b>Initiate Actions:</b> Initiate actions identified in the plan within 24 months of the effective date of permit coverage.	04/01/2026
<b>Complete Actions:</b> Complete actions necessary to achieve compliance with effluent dissolved oxygen limits.	04/01/2027

# **3 Standard Requirements**

NR 205, Wisconsin Administrative Code (Conditions for Industrial Dischargers): The conditions in ss. NR 205.07(1) and NR 205.07(3), Wis. Adm. Code, are included by reference in this permit. The permittee shall comply with all of these requirements. Some of these requirements are outlined in the Standard Requirements section of this permit. Requirements not specifically outlined in the Standard Requirement section of this permit can be found in ss. NR 205.07(1) and NR 205.07(3).

## 3.1 Reporting and Monitoring Requirements

#### 3.1.1 Monitoring Results

Monitoring results obtained during the previous month shall be summarized and reported on a Department Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report. The report may require reporting of any or all of the information specified below under 'Recording of Results'. This report is to be returned to the Department no later than the date indicated on the form. A copy of the Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report Form or an electronic file of the report shall be retained by the permittee.

Monitoring results shall be reported on an electronic discharge monitoring report (eDMR). The eDMR shall be certified electronically by a responsible executive or officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report form is true, accurate and complete.

If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit, the results of such monitoring shall be included on the Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report.

The permittee shall comply with all limits for each parameter regardless of monitoring frequency. For example, monthly, weekly, and/or daily limits shall be met even with monthly monitoring. The permittee may monitor more frequently than required for any parameter.

## 3.1.2 Sampling and Testing Procedures

Sampling and laboratory testing procedures shall be performed in accordance with Chapters NR 218 and NR 219, Wis. Adm. Code and shall be performed by a laboratory certified or registered in accordance with the requirements of ch. NR 149, Wis. Adm. Code. Groundwater sample collection and analysis shall be performed in accordance with ch. NR 140, Wis. Adm. Code. The analytical methodologies used shall enable the laboratory to quantitate all substances for which monitoring is required at levels below the effluent limitation. If the required level cannot be met by any of the methods available in NR 219, Wis. Adm. Code, then the method with the lowest limit of detection shall be selected. Additional test procedures may be specified in this permit.

## 3.1.3 Recording of Results

The permittee shall maintain records which provide the following information for each effluent measurement or sample taken:

- the date, exact place, method and time of sampling or measurements;
- the individual who performed the sampling or measurements;
- the date the analysis was performed;
- the individual who performed the analysis;
- the analytical techniques or methods used; and
- the results of the analysis.

## 3.1.4 Reporting of Monitoring Results

The permittee shall use the following conventions when reporting effluent monitoring results:

- Pollutant concentrations less than the limit of detection shall be reported as < (less than) the value of the limit of detection. For example, if a substance is not detected at a detection limit of 0.1 mg/L, report the pollutant concentration as < 0.1 mg/L.
- Pollutant concentrations equal to or greater than the limit of detection, but less than the limit of quantitation, shall be reported and the limit of quantitation shall be specified.
- For purposes of calculating NR 101 fees, the 2 mg/l lower reporting limits for BOD5 and Total Suspended Solids shall be considered to be limits of quantitation
- For the purposes of reporting a calculated result, average or a mass discharge value, the permittee may substitute a "0" (zero) for any pollutant concentration that is less than the limit of detection. However, if the effluent limitation is less than the limit of detection, the department may substitute a value other than zero for results less than the limit of detection, after considering the number of monitoring results that are greater than the limit of detection and if warranted when applying appropriate statistical techniques.
- If no discharge occurs through an outfall, flow related parameters (e.g. flow rate, hydraulic application rate, volume, etc.) should be reported as "0" (zero) at the required sample frequency specified for the outfall. For example: if the sample frequency is daily, "0" would be reported for any day during the month that no discharge occurred.

#### 3.1.5 Records Retention

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings or electronic data records for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application, except for sludge management forms and records, which shall be kept for a period of at least 5 years.

#### 3.1.6 Other Information

Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or correct information to the Department.

#### 3.1.7 Reporting Requirements – Alterations or Additions

The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is only required when:

- The alteration or addition to the permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source.
- The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification requirement applies to pollutants which are not subject to effluent limitations in the existing permit.
- The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use of disposal sites not reported during the permit application process nor reported pursuant to an approved land application plan. Additional sites may not be used for the land application of sludge until department approval is received.

## 3.2 System Operating Requirements

#### 3.2.1 Noncompliance Reporting

The permittee shall report the following types of noncompliance by a telephone call to the Department's regional office within 24 hours after becoming aware of the noncompliance:

- any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment;
- any violation of an effluent limitation resulting from a bypass;
- any violation of an effluent limitation resulting from an upset; and
- any violation of a maximum discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit, either for effluent or sludge.

A written report describing the noncompliance shall also be submitted to the Department as directed at the end of this permit within 5 days after the permittee becomes aware of the noncompliance. On a case-by-case basis, the Department may waive the requirement for submittal of a written report within 5 days and instruct the permittee to submit the written report with the next regularly scheduled monitoring report. In either case, the written report shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; the steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance; and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the length of time it is expected to continue.

A scheduled bypass approved by the Department under the 'Scheduled Bypass' section of this permit shall not be subject to the reporting required under this section.

**NOTE:** Section 292.11(2)(a), Wisconsin Statutes, requires any person who possesses or controls a hazardous substance or who causes the discharge of a hazardous substance to notify the Department of Natural Resources **immediately** of any discharge not authorized by the permit. **The discharge of a hazardous substance that is not authorized by this permit or that violates this permit may be a hazardous substance spill. To report a hazardous substance spill, call DNR's 24-hour HOTLINE at 1-800-943-0003.** 

#### 3.2.2 Bypass

Except for a controlled diversion as provided in the 'Controlled Diversions' section of this permit, any bypass is prohibited and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for such occurrences under s. 283.89, Wis. Stats. The Department may approve a bypass if the permittee demonstrates all the following conditions apply:

- The bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
- There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities or adequate back-up equipment, retention of untreated wastes, reduction of inflow and infiltration, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventative maintenance. When evaluating feasibility of alternatives, the department may consider factors such as technical achievability, costs and affordability of implementation and risks to public health, the environment and, where the permittee is a municipality, the welfare of the community served; and
- The bypass was reported in accordance with the 'Noncompliance Reporting' section of this permit.

## 3.2.3 Scheduled Bypass

Whenever the permittee anticipates the need to bypass for purposes of efficient operations and maintenance and the permittee may not meet the conditions for controlled diversions in the 'Controlled Diversions' section of this permit, the permittee shall obtain prior written approval from the Department for the scheduled bypass. A permittee's written request for Department approval of a scheduled bypass shall demonstrate that the conditions for unscheduled bypassing are met and include the proposed date and reason for the bypass, estimated volume and duration of the bypass, alternatives to bypassing and measures to mitigate environmental harm caused by the bypass. The department may require the permittee to provide public notification for a scheduled bypass if it is determined there is significant public interest in the proposed action and may recommend mitigation measures to minimize the impact of such bypass.

#### **3.2.4 Controlled Diversions**

Controlled diversions are allowed only when necessary for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation provided the following requirements are met:

- Effluent from the wastewater treatment facility shall meet the effluent limitations established in the permit. Wastewater that is diverted around a treatment unit or treatment process during a controlled diversion shall be recombined with wastewater that is not diverted prior to the effluent sampling location and prior to effluent discharge;
- A controlled diversion may not occur during periods of excessive flow or other abnormal wastewater characteristics;
- A controlled diversion may not result in a wastewater treatment facility overflow; and
- All instances of controlled diversions shall be documented in wastewater treatment facility records and such records shall be available to the department on request.

#### 3.2.5 Proper Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training as required in ch. NR 114, Wis. Adm. Code, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

#### 3.2.6 Operator Certification

The wastewater treatment facility shall be under the direct supervision of a state certified operator. In accordance with s. NR 114.53, Wis. Adm. Code, every WPDES permitted treatment plant shall have a designated operator-incharge holding a current and valid certificate. The designated operator-in-charge shall be certified at the level and in all subclasses of the treatment plant, except laboratory. Treatment plant owners shall notify the department of any changes in the operator-in-charge within 30 days. Note that s. NR 114.52(22), Wis. Adm. Code, lists types of facilities that are excluded from operator certification requirements (i.e. private sewage systems, pretreatment facilities discharging to public sewers, industrial wastewater treatment that consists solely of land disposal, agricultural digesters and concentrated aquatic production facilities with no biological treatment).

#### 3.2.7 Spill Reporting

The permittee shall notify the Department in accordance with ch. NR 706 (formerly NR 158), Wis. Adm. Code, in the event that a spill or accidental release of any material or substance results in the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the state at a rate or concentration greater than the effluent limitations established in this permit, or the spill or accidental release of the material is unregulated in this permit, unless the spill or release of pollutants has been reported to the Department in accordance with s. NR 205.07 (1)(s), Wis. Adm. Code.

## 3.2.8 Planned Changes

In accordance with ss. 283.31(4)(b) and 283.59, Stats., the permittee shall report to the Department any facility expansion, production increase or process modifications which will result in new, different or increased discharges of pollutants. The report shall either be a new permit application, or if the new discharge will not violate the effluent limitations of this permit, a written notice of the new, different or increased discharge. The notice shall contain a description of the new activities, an estimate of the new, different or increased discharge of pollutants and a description of the effect of the new or increased discharge on existing waste treatment facilities. Following receipt of this report, the Department may modify this permit to specify and limit any pollutants not previously regulated in the permit.

#### 3.2.9 Duty to Halt or Reduce Activity

Upon failure or impairment of treatment facility operation, the permittee shall, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with its permit, curtail production or wastewater discharges or both until the treatment facility operations are restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided.

## 3.3 Surface Water Requirements

#### 3.3.1 Permittee-Determined Limit of Quantitation Incorporated into this Permit

For pollutants with water quality-based effluent limits below the Limit of Quantitation (LOQ) in this permit, the LOQ calculated by the permittee and reported on the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) is incorporated by reference into this permit. The LOQ shall be reported on the DMRs, shall be the lowest quantifiable level practicable, and shall be no greater than the minimum level (ML) specified in or approved under 40 CFR Part 136 for the pollutant at the time this permit was issued, unless this permit specifies a higher LOQ.

## 3.3.2 Appropriate Formulas for Effluent Calculations

The permittee shall use the following formulas for calculating effluent results to determine compliance with average concentration limits and mass limits and total load limits:

**Weekly/Monthly/Six-Month/Annual Average Concentration** = the sum of all daily results for that week/month/sixmonth/year, divided by the number of results during that time period. [Note: When a six-month average effluent limit is specified for Total Phosphorus the applicable periods are May through October and November through April.]

Weekly Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day): Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the week.

Monthly Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day): Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the month.

**Six-Month Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day):** Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the six-month period. [Note: When a six-month average effluent limit is specified for Total Phosphorus the applicable periods are May through October and November through April.]

Annual Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day): Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the entire year.

Total Monthly Discharge: = monthly average concentration (mg/L) x total flow for the month (MG/month) x 8.34.

**Total Annual Discharge:** = sum of total monthly discharges for the calendar year.

**12-Month Rolling Sum of Total Monthly Discharge:** = the sum of the most recent 12 consecutive months of Total Monthly Discharges.

#### 3.3.3 Effluent Temperature Requirements

**Weekly Average Temperature** – If temperature limits are included in this permit, Weekly Average Temperature shall be calculated as the sum of all daily maximum results for that week divided by the number of daily maximum results during that time period.

**Cold Shock Standard** – Water temperatures of the discharge shall be controlled in a manner as to protect fish and aquatic life uses from the deleterious effects of cold shock pursuant to Wis. Adm. Code, s. NR 102.28. 'Cold Shock' means exposure of aquatic organisms to a rapid decrease in temperature and a sustained exposure to low temperature that induces abnormal behavior or physiological performance and may lead to death.

**Rate of Temperature Change Standard** – Temperature of a water of the state or discharge to a water of the state may not be artificially raised or lowered at such a rate that it causes detrimental health or reproductive effects to fish or aquatic life of the water of the state pursuant to Wis. Adm. Code, s. NR 102.29.

#### 3.3.4 Visible Foam or Floating Solids

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.

#### 3.3.5 Surface Water Uses and Criteria

In accordance with NR 102.04, Wis. Adm. Code, surface water uses and criteria are established to govern water management decisions. Practices attributable to municipal, industrial, commercial, domestic, agricultural, land development or other activities shall be controlled so that all surface waters including the mixing zone meet the following conditions at all times and under all flow and water level conditions:

- a) Substances that will cause objectionable deposits on the shore or in the bed of a body of water, shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- b) Floating or submerged debris, oil, scum or other material shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- c) Materials producing color, odor, taste or unsightliness shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- d) Substances in concentrations or in combinations which are toxic or harmful to humans shall not be present in amounts found to be of public health significance, nor shall substances be present in amounts which are acutely harmful to animal, plant or aquatic life.

## 3.3.6 Total Residual Chlorine Requirements (When De-Chlorinating Effluent)

Test methods for total residual chlorine, approved in ch. NR 219 - Table B, Wis. Adm. Code, normally achieve a limit of detection of about 20 to 50 micrograms per liter and a limit of quantitation of about 100 micrograms per liter. Reporting of test results and compliance with effluent limitations for chlorine residual and total residual halogens shall be as follows:

- Sample results which show no detectable levels are in compliance with the limit. These test results shall be reported on Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report Forms as "< 100 μg/L". (Note: 0.1 mg/L converts to 100 μg/L)</li>
- Samples showing detectable traces of chlorine are in compliance if measured at less than 100 µg/L, unless
  there is a consistent pattern of detectable values in this range. These values shall also be reported on
  Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report Forms as "<100 µg/L." The facility operating staff shall record
  actual readings on logs maintained at the plant, shall take action to determine the reliability of detected results
  (such as re sampling and/or calculating dosages), and shall adjust the chemical feed system if necessary to
  reduce the chances of detects.</li>
- Samples showing detectable levels greater than 100 µg/L shall be considered as exceedances, and shall be reported as measured.
- To calculate average or mass discharge values, a "0" (zero) may be substituted for any test result less than 100 µg/L. Calculated values shall then be compared directly to the average or mass limitations to determine compliance.

#### 3.3.7 Compliance with Phosphorus Limitation

Compliance with the concentration limitation for phosphorus shall be determined as a rolling twelve-month average and shall be calculated as follows:

First, determine the pounds of phosphorus for an individual month by multiplying the average of all the concentration values for phosphorus (in mg/L) for that month by the total flow for the month in Million Gallons times the conversion factor of 8.34.

Average concentration of P in mg/L =  $\underline{\text{Total lbs of P discharged (most recent 12 months)}}$ Total flow in MG (most recent 12 months) X 8.34

The compliance calculation shall be performed each month with a reported discharge volume after substituting data from the most recent month(s) for the oldest month(s). A calculated value in excess of the concentration limitation will be considered equivalent to a violation of a monthly average.

## 3.3.8 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Monitoring Requirements

In order to determine the potential impact of the discharge on aquatic organisms, static-renewal toxicity tests shall be performed on the effluent in accordance with the procedures specified in the "State of Wisconsin Aquatic Life Toxicity Testing Methods Manual, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition" (PUB-WT-797, November 2004) as required by NR 219.04, Table A, Wis. Adm. Code). All of the WET tests required in this permit, including any required retests, shall be conducted on the Ceriodaphnia dubia and fathead minnow species. Receiving water samples shall not be collected from any point in contact with the permittee's mixing zone and every attempt shall be made to avoid contact with any other discharge's mixing zone.

## 3.3.9 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Identification and Reduction

Within 60 days of a retest which showed positive results, the permittee shall submit a written report to the Biomonitoring Coordinator, Bureau of Water Quality, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921, which details the following:

- A description of actions the permittee has taken or will take to remove toxicity and to prevent the recurrence of toxicity;
- A description of toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) investigations that have been or will be done to identify potential sources of toxicity, including the following actions:
  - a) Evaluate the performance of the treatment system to identify deficiencies contributing to effluent toxicity (e.g., operational problems, chemical additives, incomplete treatment)
  - b) Identify the compound(s) causing toxicity. Conduct toxicity screening tests on the effluent at a minimum of once per month for six months to determine if toxicity recurs. Screening tests are WET tests using fewer effluent concentrations conducted on the most sensitive species. If any of the screening tests contain toxicity, conduct a toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) to determine the cause. TIE methods are available from USEPA "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase I Toxicity Characterization Procedures (EPA/600/6-91/003) and "Toxicity Identification Evaluation: Characterization of Chronically Toxic Effluents, Phase I" (EPA/600/6-91/005F).
  - c) Trace the compound(s) causing toxicity to their sources (e.g., industrial, commercial, domestic)
  - d) Evaluate, select, and implement methods or technologies to control effluent toxicity (e.g., in-plant or pretreatment controls, source reduction or removal)
- Where corrective actions including a TRE have not been completed, an expeditious schedule under which corrective actions will be implemented;
- If no actions have been taken, the reason for not taking action.

The permittee may also request approval from the Department to postpone additional retests in order to investigate the source(s) of toxicity. Postponed retests must be completed after toxicity is believed to have been removed.

#### WPDES Permit No. WI-0067148-01-0 Saputo Cheese USA Inc

# 4 Summary of Reports Due

FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY

Description	Date	Page
Temperature Limits (Industrial Facilities) -Report on Effluent Discharges	April 30, 2025	9
Temperature Limits (Industrial Facilities) -Action Plan	April 30, 2026	9
Temperature Limits (Industrial Facilities) -Construction Plans	October 31, 2026	9
Temperature Limits (Industrial Facilities) -Initiate Actions	April 30, 2027	9
Temperature Limits (Industrial Facilities) -Complete Actions	April 30, 2028	9
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Operational Evaluation Report	March 31, 2025	9
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Compliance Alternatives, Source Reduction, Improvements and Modifications Status	March 31, 2026	10
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Preliminary Compliance Alternatives Plan	March 31, 2027	10
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Final Compliance Alternatives Plan	March 31, 2028	10
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Progress Report on Plans & Specifications	March 31, 2029	10
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Final Plans and Specifications	March 31, 2030	11
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Treatment Plant Upgrade to Meet WQBELs	June 30, 2030	11
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Construction Upgrade Progress Report #1	June 30, 2031	11
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Complete Construction	December 31, 2032	11
Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs) for Total Phosphorus - Achieve Compliance	March 31, 2032	11
Chlorine Limits Compliance -Report on Effluent Discharges	October 1, 2024	11
Chlorine Limits Compliance -Action Plan	April 1, 2025	11
Chlorine Limits Compliance -Plans and Specifications	October 1, 2025	11
Chlorine Limits Compliance -Initiate Actions	April 1, 2026	11
Chlorine Limits Compliance -Complete Actions	April 1, 2027	11
Dissolved Oxygen Limits Compliance -Report on Effluent Discharges	October 1, 2024	12
Dissolved Oxygen Limits Compliance -Action Plan	April 1, 2025	12
Dissolved Oxygen Limits Compliance -Plans and Specifications	October 1, 2025	12
Dissolved Oxygen Limits Compliance -Initiate Actions	April 1, 2026	12

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		511 III.
Dissolved Oxygen Limits Compliance -Complete Actions	April 1, 2027	12
Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report	no later than the date indicated on the form	13

Report forms shall be submitted electronically in accordance with the reporting requirements herein. Any facility plans or plans and specifications for municipal, industrial, industrial pretreatment and non industrial wastewater systems shall be submitted to the Bureau of Water Quality, P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. All other submittals required by this permit shall be submitted to:

South Central Region, 3911 Fish Hatchery Rd, Fitchburg, WI 53711-5397